

Frederick, Roleau and Kitty, Arrested for Murder.

sprang down the steps, clung to the arm of Roleau. A flush came to Count prefect of Count Sachio. Frederick's face as he saw how she avoided himself. There was, howsound of rapid footfalls came down self. the hall. The captain of gendarmes. and his men were at the door.

Messieurs, welcome!" said Count Frederick, "But why are you here?" Monsieur le comte, we ask pardon for the intrusion, but we must ask you to join us," replied the officer. He was impressed by the calm dignity of Count Frederick, as had been more than one man before his time.

"For what reason do you desire our company, monsieur captain? Is there any charge against us?"

There is a charge of great severity to be laid against someone, monsieur mine who that one may be. This young woman, who is she?"

"I am Miss Kitty Gray of America." "This is my servant, Roleau. Who are DOU!

"We are of the imperial police, mademoiselle. A murder has been done in your room at the Ritz hotel." Naturally someone is under suspicion. Let me caution both you and Count Frederick not to speak. What you say may be used as evidence."

Count Frederick turned suddenly toward Kitty, a warning in his eyes. She stood, therefore, silent, looking at the man.

"Mademoiselle is in no case responwible for any of this," said he to the officer. "We will all go with you and conclude this matter as quickly as possible. We must be released at once from detention."

The officer turned, beckening to

them to follow him. The little group passed along the walk to the open curb of the street. It was Roleau who hesitated here, ad-

dressing the captain of gendarmes. "Monsieur captain," said he, "I see that you guard all the escapes possible to any guilty man. You will therefore allow me to step to the corner to summon a carriage for these two excellencies?"

The captain of gendarmes hesitated for a half-instant, frowned, and then

"Naturally, you only do your duty. monsieur captain," suggested Roleau, "but excellencies like these must not walk. Excuse me, then?"

Those who lingered for an instant saw Roleau walk leisurely toward the corner, raise his hand as though in a signal, and then break into a run.

Wait," exclaimed Count Frederick, as he saw the plan of the quick-witted servant. "If you leave us we also might run away. We will pick him up, no doubt. Do you tarry here with

In fact the captain of gendarmes, seeing his own party reduced by divisions to no more than a couple of men beside himself, hesitated, and turned to secure the safety of his more important captives. While they paused they heard the quick wheels of a taxicab which drew up before them. After all, it was an open question what had been Roleau's intent, for certainly he had ordered this vehicle to come hither. Making the best of the matter, the captain of gendarmes motioned for his prisoners to

enter the car. Kitty turned to the affent man who gat at her side. Count Frederick laid a finger to his lips, counseling silence, and gazed straight on ahead.

Thus, silent and aloof, they arrived as prisoners at the grand entrance of the Hotel Ritz.

Kitty found herself face to face with a large man in full uniform, a man of Kitty Gray. with a heavy beard and merciless eye, who now addressed himself to his subordinate:

"As to this man," he demanded, "why have you taken Count Frederick of Gretzhoffen T"

"Merely as ultimate suspicion." stammered the captain. "We found him in company with this young woman, in whose room the crime was committed. This other-" he pointed to Grahaffen. . Count Sachio, "also seems to have known this young woman."

"Who are you, then?" demanded the

"I am Count Sachio of Grahaffen." replied the latter, none too happy at ever, no time for further speech. The the situation in which he found him-

> 'Might I suggest to monsieur le prefect that we hasten," interrupted Count Frederick gently enough The prefect had seen many women, not all of them innocent. He smiled grimly enough now as he noticed the beauty of the young girl, who stood pale and not wholly collected in all this turmell. The girl now turned to him, and for the first time spoke.

"Monsieur le prefect," said she, "you cannot make guilt out of innocence. I can prove to you by this clerk and all these others that I was absentfrom the hotel for several days. When be comte. We ask your aid to deter- I came back it was but for a short time. I was absent when this crime was discovered. How can you connect me with it? Rather connect with answered the object of his suspicion. It those who have had access to my room during my absence."

The official turned toward her thoughfully, then to the captain of gendarmes. "Have you searched all these persons?" he inquired. The latter shook his head.

"So you do not know what evidence has been destroyed. Come, then, perform that duty now, see what you find upon the persons of these individuals. The woman first."

Without hesitation Kitty presented her handbag, drew out from it her littie portemonnaie, even turned insideout the pocket of her frock. Count-Frederick watched her closely as she did so. He saw that none of the officers discovered the piece of coin. He suspected, although he did not know, that Kitty had palmed it under her thumb as she spread out her hands, in larger matters.

asking them to certify themselves. The gendarmes, their captain, the prefect of police, turned away non-The prefect he faced the calm dignity of the noble-

"Your excellency," said he at length, "I dislike to ask of you the right of search. I comply only with formalities. If your excellency-

"Certainly," said Count Frederick,

and threw open his coat. The prefect of police turned to his "We have not yet found all of men. those parties who may be concerned with this crime. We have not yet held our questions on the scene of the crime itself.

They turned, all of them, now, and approached the stairway which led to the floor upon which were located Kitty's apartments. Their numbers quite filled the hall as they advanced, preceded and followed by gendarmes. But suddenly, as they approached the spot they sought, the captain of gendarmes touched the arm of his superior and pointed ahead.

"That is the man who escaped," exclaimed he. "Roleau, here he is, and coming from the room itself! But who is that with him?"

CHAPTER XXXVI.

The Body of the Crime. It had been easy for Roleau, once he was free of the immediate presence of the officers, to spring into the nearest alley,way and quickly pass from sight. While the officer, in charge of his more distinguished prisoners, was passing in the car toward the front entrance of the Hotel Ritz, Roleau himself was speeding thither almost as quickly through devious passageways which led to the rear of the hotel.

Attaining entrance at the rear, he sped up the back stairs, and found himself once more at the apartmenta

What he saw caused even his stout nerves to quail for the time. On the floor before him, with face half turned and arms outflung, lay the victim of the last adventure connected with the mysterious Gretzhoffen coin-

Roleau did not know this man at first, but he seemed not of Gretzhoffen. Rather his garb betokened him to come from the kindred kingdom of

Carefully, yet using that speed which he knew was imperative, Ro-

ean bent over, making such search he could of the allent evidence of the crime. It seemed to him almost certain that he had seen this man mewhere, but he could not be sure. He stooped, hesitated, and then swiftsprang aside and sought concealnent behind the hangings of the room. He was sure that he had heard someone move in the rear room of the apartments.

He had no more than concealed himself before he had full evidence of the justice of his suspicion. He heard a rustling behind the curtained door. board the elight shuffling of a step. and saw emerge from the concesling curtains a face which he knew well enough; he could not mistake that cunning, ratiike chin, the shifting eyes, the almost silent footfall which carried him forward. Yes, Roleau knew him, knew him well enough, He had met him not as long before in had saved the life of her excellency from this very man. He had fought him again in his own den in the slums of Gretshoffen here. Yes, it was Blake, the renegade king of the apaches.

He stooped over the body and knelt by its side, thrust a hand into the pockets of the coat, and at length drew out a folded paper, which he hurriedly crowded into his own pocket. Then he was about to arise, but at that instant he felt the therlike weight of the giant Roleau upon his own back. A hund caught his arm back of his, crowded it up toward the back of his neck, strained it into a. position of excruciating pain. An arm came around his neck, choking him. He was helpless.

"Get up," said Roleau, at length, rimly. "I know you. So, you did grimly. this? Come along with me."

Now it was this strange apparition, of Roleau marching his prisoner before him, which gave pause to the procession of the law as it advanced toward the scene of the crime. The prefect of the city, his officers, Count Frederick, Count Sachto, Kitty Gray,

all these others, paused now, "What is that?" demanded the prefeet imperatively. "Who are you, and what do you do with this man?"

"He is the guilty man, excellency," said Roleau stoutly. "I took him but just now in our apartments. He was bending over the dead man there when I saw him. I sprang upon him and took him, as you see. I know this man well enough. He is a robber and a chief of robbers; he is the leader of the apaches of this city."

"What you say may be true," said the prefect, as he cast a swift glance at the prisoner; "but we can jump at no conclusions. Retain him, retain them both."

"Do you know this man?" he demanded of the clerk.

But the latter shook his head. "I never saw him," said he. "But all these things rouse additional suspicion of this young woman. She is too mysterious; she has too many strange friends. I tell you, monsieur le prefect, she is the one who knows all about this! She knows the victim, whoever he may have been. Depend

on that." The prefect, had he made like question of Count Frederick or of Kitty herself, might have heard that they both had seen before now this latest addition to the list of captives. But that official, for the time, was engaged

"There is truth in what you say," he assented to the last remark of the



Count Frederick Detains Kitty While Roleau Demands Her Release.

clerk. "Now all the avenues are closed and all the suspects are assembled, I take it. We will see what the room itself holds. We will enter."

"No, no," cried Kitty, in sudden terror at the thought of what she feared to see. 'I cannot. I know nothing of this: I don't know who the man was I don't know who did this."

"What, mademoiselle! You fear to see what there may be to witness?" said the prefect. "As to you, monsieur le comte-"

"The law will take its course," said Count Frederick coldly. "You have before now seen fit to doubt me. Take matters into your own hands, monsieur le prefect, and let the law go

The prefect himself flung open the door and entered the mysterious room. The room, so far as any victim of a crime was concerned, was entirely

empty. Everything was in order as before. There was no dead man there! CTO BE CONTINUED.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

1st insertion August 6, 1915. 5th insertion Sept. 3, 1915, STATE OF OKLAHOMA,

County of Bryan S. A. WHALE and H. L. COX, Pisiauffs. CHARLES D. VAN

TREES, and JOSIE B. VANTREES. NOTICE OF SALE

stages of an order of sale issued out stallments, one installment payable of the office of the Court Clerk of each year with interest at the rate of Bryan County, Oklahoma, on the 38th day of July, A. D. 18th, in an action wherein S. A. Whale and H. l. Cax were plaintiffs, and Casrles D. privilege to pay all deferred pay Vantrees and Josie B. Vantrees were ments, principal and interest, at any defendants, directed to me, the un- interest paying period after one coldersigned sheriff of Bryan County. combat at the lodge of Count Sachte. Oktabonia, commanditie me to lay, year from the date of sale and socur-had saved the life of her excellency upon, appraise, and sell the follow- ing for said lauds his patent to rethe described property, to wit

> Lots 2 and 4, in Block 204. in the town of Durant, Bryan. County, Oklahome, proording to the official plat or survey of said city.

to estisty a judicioent and deerce of foreclesure in taxor of the said plainobtained and made in the District Court on the 13th day of June, A. D. Dec at Oktahoma City, Oklahoma. 1815, for the sum of \$183.00, with Address all corangulations to 2nd. A. D. 1915, naill paid, and the further sum of \$25.00 as attorney fees, and all costs of said action, and LAND per cent per annum from Februar; all costs to accrue, I will on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at the front door of the Court House in the city of Durant, Bryan County, Oklahema, offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash the said property above described, or so much thereof as will satisfy the said judg ment, attorney fees, interest and

costs. Dated this the 30th day of July, A. D. 1995.

JOHN A. PHILLIPS, Sheriff of Bryan County, Oklahoma. UTTERBACK & MACDONALD. Attorneys.

First insertion Aug. 13. Fourth insertion Sept. 3rd.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE State of Oklahoma, County of Bry-

an. ss.

This is to certify that the names and addresses of all parties interested as partners in the firm doing business under the fiame of the Parks Drug Store, at Bennington, Bryan County, Oklahoma, are as follows ; Amie G. Parks, Bennington, Oklaho-

Dated, August 7th, 1915. AMIE G. PARKS.

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public, in and for the above County and State, Amie G. Parks, to me well known, and acknowledged to me that she signed the above certificate on 'his the 7th day of August, 1915.

E. Murphy. Notary Public (Seal) My commission expires 8-26-18.

CALL FOR COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP WARRANTS

The following County and Township Warrants are now payable at the County Treasurer's office:

COUNTY All supply warrants. All contingent warrants, All road and bridge warrants.

Court warrants up to and encludng No. 1088, 1914-15 series. Poor and Insane warrants up to

and including No. 324, 1914-15 ser TOWNSHIP Township No. 3, atl.

Township No. 5, all. Township No. 9, all. Township No. 11, ali. GEO. HARRISON. County Treasurer. Wial

First insertion Aug. 20. Fourth Insertion Sept. 10. PUBLIC SALE OF OKLAHOMA STATE AND SCHOOL LANDS

Notice is hereby given that the State of Oklahoma will sell at public auction at the times and pla- No. 9 departs 9:07 a. m. ces hereinafter set forth, approximately 213,630 acres of its State and School lands located in its Twelfth Sales District, together with all of the appraised improvements thereon as set forth in pamphlet advertising said lands for sale. All lands will be sold at the door of the County Court House in which County Court is he'd in the Counties wherein the land is situate.

Sales will be held as follows: ALVA. (Woods County), approxmately 12,053 acres, Aug. 30 and 31. 1915, Inclusive.

CHEROKEE, Alfalfa County, approximately 50,716 zeros, Supt 1 to sloner. Third District 10, 1915, inclusive.

ENID. (Garrield County), approx mately 58,882 acres, Sept. 11 to 21, 1915, Inclusive.

MEDFORD, (Grant County), agproximately 58,223 acres, Sept. 27 to Oct. 7, 1915, inclusive. NEWKIRK, (Kay Clunty), ap-

proximately 15,374 acres, Oct. 9 to 13, 1915, Inclusive. PERRY, (Noble County), approx-

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS .

Imately 18,375 acres, thu. 13, 14 and 15, 191b. The terms of sple of these land :

are as follows: Fire (5) per cent of the purchase price of said land, coshin hand at the time of sale, in all cases where 5 per cent will equal or ex GLEANLINESS AND VIGILANCE epot the sum of \$50.00, said sum be-. Defpadants, ing the minimum initial payment talapce of the said purchase price is Notice to hereby given that in pure divided into forty equal annual inrive (5) per cent per annum, payble annually; the purchaser has the year from the date of safe and secursimple.

A pamphlet containing a full unit the Commissioners of the Land Of-

interest thereon at the rate of ten A. Smith, secretary, at Oggahanna

LAND OFFICE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA. By R. L. WILLIAMS.

Governor and Chairman Attest: G. A. SMITH, Secretary.

Get the Habit

of using



between Denison Sherman McKinney Dallas

"A car when you want it" DR. TERRELL STRICKEN

Dr. J. C. Terrell, one of the oldest residents of the community, was gudfailure Saturday afternoon, as he was going into Harry Neely's house from the automobile. At this time he is much improved and is able to be

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Tis time card is printed free for the information of the public and its cor rectness is not guaranteed by the

M. K. & T., Northbound.

NO. 19, sessesses to be de	DO.
No 8 7:40 A.	M
No. 6	M
No. 2, 6:05 P.	M
Southbound.	
No. 5, 5:17 A.	M
No. 1 12:05	
No. 5, 3:10 P.	M
No. 3 2:16 A.	M
St. L. & S. FWestbound	
No. 575 9:06 A	M.
No. 505 6:20 P.	M
Eastbound.	
No. 506 10:56 A.	M
No. 576 7:40 P.	M
M. O. & G. By.	
Northbound.	
No. 16, departs 10:44 a.	372.
No. 10 departs 5:00 p.	m.
Southbound	

Bryan County Officials. Jesse M. Hatchett, district judge. Geo. Harrison, county treasurer. Henry McCreary, county clerk. W. H. Yeats, tax assessor. L. Varner Stinson, county surveyor

No. 5 departs 1:48 p. m.

C. L. Neely, county superintendent R. A. Bishop, county weigher, W. A. Durant, G. A. Ramsey, rep resentatives.

Ed. L. Speairs, Durant, commissioner, district one. Bon Hultsman, Albany, commis-

Gray Nickels, Matoy, Chairman. J L. Rappolee, county judge. Walter J. Turnbull, county attor-

W. A Jones, Court clerk, John A. Phillips, sheriff.

invigorating to the Pale and Sickly The Old Standard general grengthening toni GROVE'S TASTRICES chill TONIC, drives or

DUE TO RUBBISH

ARE POTENT FACTORS IN FIRE PREVENTION

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION SURE

Carelessness in Leaving Oily Cloths About is Responsible for Many Fires-Spring Houseclean. ing a Fire Hazard.

One of the things the average man complete description of each truet or known little about to the chemistry lend to be sold in this Sales Dias pe- of fire. He hears occasionally of fires together with all the taws, rules, rea. Iron spontaneous combustion, but his idations and general information part blens of the process of spontaneous talning to these makes, can be had, ignition are vague; and his knowledge postage prepaid, upon application to of the substances we combinations of substances susceptible to such ignition is limited. It is difficult to acc. Address all communications to C. quire the knowledge outside of the chemical laboratories; for in the common run of experience unless fires COMMISSIONERS OF THE from this cause are discovered at their inception they soon destroy all evidences of their origin. Such fires are commonly reported as "probably incendiary," or of "mysterious origin,"

The chemistry of spontaneous ignition is simple. Decomposition is a slow combustion. The human body slowly burns to askes in the grave. Oxygen uniting with carbon produces heat. If they unite rapidly enough, in sufficient quantities, the combustion ta visible in flame. If they unite slewir, all in the decay of organic bodies, the heat escapes unnoticed. Rapid chemis cal action will start visible combustion as easily as the application of the torch. Vegetable oils reread over easily carbonized substances such as cotton rags or waste will innite the latter very quickly. The cotton fiber furnishes a sort of tinder. Animal fats like tailow, butter and lard, especially if rancid, will ignite under conditions similar to the above, but they are not such great offenders as the vegetable oils cotton seed, But, castor bean, olive and especially linseed.

Shun Rubbish Heaps.

An only rag or only waste never should be thrown into a rubbish heap. Many fires start in closets from such rags after use in oiling floors or polishing furniture; and factory fires are occurring constantly from apontaneous ignition of turpentine and linseed out on rags and waste. There are not many men who give the same thought to this danger in their homes that denly stricken by an attack of heart they give to it in their factories, where metal waste cans with selfclosing covers are generally provided. At the time of spring renovation, however, it is well to keep an eye upon the domestic establishment with this hazard in mind, as servants are genorally quite irresponsible. Products of petroleum such as kerosene, gasotene and naphtha, although they do not ignite spontaneously, have a hazard of their own, and rags soaked in them should be carefully looked after. A house rule should be made that all greasy or oily rags be burned without delay.

In the development of rapid transit along the lines of trolley cars and automobiles, the problem of flying dust has been immeasurably intensified and confronts all lovers of cleanliness. Grdinary broom sweeping simply stirs it up to settle again on floors and furniture. The vacuum cleaner has not yet developed to the point at which its constant use is commercially expedient. An endless procession of floor oils and aweeping compounds has therefore come upon the market, some of which are not hazardous, but others of which are already demonstrating their ability to burn the buildings in which they are used.

A School Man's Experiment.

Prof. John H. Bryan, principal of the ward schools of Marion, Ind., who evidently looks after the physical aswell as the mental welfare of his pupils, stated at a recent meeting of school superintendents that twice recently he had found mops used by the lanitor in oiling the floor, burned to ashes, it being evident that the building each time narrowly escaped being fired. To prove the nature of the trouble Professor Bryan saturated several mops with the off and hung them where there were no inflammable surroundings. A mop saturated with oil at 5 p. m., was found to be very warm at 7 s. m., and in one instance Professor Bryan watched . & mop until it burst into flames. It is possible that the fire which caused this frightful helocaust at the Collinwood school may have started in this way. At any rate Professor Bryan's expuriment proves that the apprehension of many people regarding the hazard of these floor oils is well founded, and that care should be taken to make sure they are karmless before their use is introduced in buildings, especially such buildings as schoolhouses .- Date y Oklahoman.